M. Douglas Gossman, M.D., PLLC Supplements and Medications to Discontinue During the Pre-Operative Period

Many patients are currently taking nutritional supplements*. Although these "natural products" and other prescribed or "over-the-counter" medications may be beneficial for a variety of aliments, their <u>use around</u> the time of surgery may not be desirable. Therefore, it is advisable to stop taking potentially harmful products *two weeks prior to the surgery, and two weeks after the surgery*. **Note:** Prescribed medications should not be discontinued without specific approval of the ordering physician.

Specific nutritional supplements that should be discontinued include:

Bilberry (vaccinium myrtillus) – Contain anthocyanosides, flavonoid compounds that improve visual acuity and are important in the treatment of eye disorders. Excellent antioxidant that strengthens capillaries & collagen. Has antiplatelet activity and may inhibit clot formation.

Cayenne (capsicum annuum)- Used for GI tract disorders. Overdose may cause hypothermia.

Dong Quai (angelica sinensis)- The main application is in the relief of menstrual disorders and menstrual cramps. Often used to relieve menopausal symptoms. Active constituent is coumarin derivatives, which may potentiate existing anticoagulant medications.

Echinacea (echinacea augustfolia) – Immune system stimulant with anti-inflammatory, antiviral, and antibacterial effects. Used as a prophylaxis for upper respiratory infections. Use of Echinacea may impact the liver when general anesthetic or certain other medications such as anabolic steroids or methotrexate are used.

Feverfew (tanacetum partenium) – Used for migraine headache prevention and for arthritis, rheumatic disease & allergies. May increase bleeding, especially in patients taking certain anticlotting medications.

Fish Oil Caps - Supplies important omega-6 fatty acid DHA, and EPA, used to reduce cholesterol and triglyceride levels. Has blood thinning properties.

Garlic (allium sativum) - Garlic has vasodilatory, hypo-cholesterolemic effects and anti-platelet effects. May augment effects of coumadin, warfarin and NSAIDs causing abnormal bleeding time.

Ginger (zingiber officinale) - Useful as antispasmodic, anti-inflammatory and anti-nauseant. Prophylactic for motion sickness and used to stimulate appetite. Useful for post-op emesis. Use of Ginger may alter bleeding time. Ginger may interfere with cardiac and anticoagulant medications.

Ginkgo Biloba (ginkgo biloba) - One of the oldest living tree species which can live up to 1,000 years and grow to a height of 120 feet. Used as an antioxidant and circulatory stimulant. Used for treatment of intermittent claudication, tinnitus, vertigo, memory enhancement, and sexual dysfunction. Anticoagulant activity is 3X stronger than vitamin E.

* A 2000 survey at the University of Colorado found 73% of surgical patients took preoperative alternative supplements. In a Texas study, of the pre-surgical patients consuming botanical medicines, 70% reported that they did not disclose use during the anesthetic interview.

Ginseng (panax ginseng/panax quinquefolium) - At least 3 different varieties: Asian, American & Siberian. Improves physical & cognitive performance, mood or metabolism. An adaptogen and an antioxidant. Anticoagulant that may interact with cardiac, hypo/hypertensive medications and hypoglycemic agents.

Hawthorne (crataegus laevigata) - The extract is used for its ability to potentiate the action of cardiac glycosides. Used in the treatment of ischemic heart disease, hypertension, angina and chronic congestive heart disease. Potentiates the actions of digitalis and other cardiac glycosides.

Kava Kava (piper methysticum) - Sedative, analgesic, soporific, anti-convulsant, muscle relaxant, anxiolytic. Similar to the effects of benzodiazephines in treatment of anxiety. May potentiate CNS effects of barbiturates, alcohol, antidepressants, antipsychotics, and general anesthetics.

Licorice Root (glycryrrhiza glabra) - Used for gastric and duodenal ulcers, gastritis and cough/ bronchitis. Glycyrrhizic acid in licorice may cause high blood pressure, hypokalemia and edema.

Ma Huang (ephedra sinica) - Used in weight loss % energy products; a natural amphetamine with powerful stimulant effects. More than 800 adverse reactions reported with FDA. Causes hypertension, tachycardia, cardiomyopathy, and cardiac dysrhythmias.

Melatonin – A hormone secreted by the pineal gland. Regulates many other hormones that are involved in controlling circadian rhythm. Used for jet lag, insomnia, and SAD (seasonal affective disorder). May potentiate CNS effects of barbiturates and general anesthetics.

St. John's Wort (hypericum perforatum) – Herb used as mild anti-depressant, sedative, anxiolytic. May have a monoamine oxidase (MOA) inhibitory effect. Can interact with MAO inhibitors and other anti-depressants. Many other drug interactions reported.

Valerian (valeriana officinalis) - Used as a sedative, hypnotic, and anti-spasmodic in the GI tract. Relieves anxiety, nervousness and insomnia. May increase effects of sedative hypnotics.

Vitamin E – Important fat-soluble vitamin that acts as an antioxidant and prevents the oxidation of polyunsaturated fatty acids. Used in prevention and treatment of cardiovascular disease, cancer, age-related degenerative diseases. Anti-clotting benefits can prolong bleeding time.

Yohimbe (corynanthe yohimbe) – "Natural Viagra®" that has MAO effects. Yohimbine is the agent extracted from the bark of yohimbe tree. The tree grows in Africa nations of Cameroon, Gabon, & Zaire. Reported to have both psychological and physical effects. Increases the potency of anesthetics.

To learn more about the nutrients patients can take during the perioperative period to speed wound healing, support inflammatory control and reduce bruising and swelling, please contact:

VitaMedica, Inc. 1140 Highland Ave, Suite 196 Mahattan Beach, CA 90266 Toll Free: 888-367-8605 Phone: 310-796-4745 Fax: 310-546-7936

The following drugs may have to be discontinued because they interfere with blood clotting:

A A COMPOUND	ASPADINE	CP2	EMPRAZIL
ABITREN	ASPERGUM	DAMSON P	ENTAB 650
ABEIXUMAB	ASPHAC G	DARVON W/ASA	EPTIFIBATADE
ACA	ASPIRIN	DARVON COMPOUND	EQUAGESIC
ACETABAR	ATOKA	DASICON	ETODOLAC
ACETASEM	AXOTOL	CAPSULES	EXCEDRIN
ADVIL	BAYER PRODUCTS	DAYPRO	FEBRINETTE
AGGRENOX	BC TABLETS	DECOJEN	FENDOL
AGGRASTAT	BIACT	DEDACHE	FLURBIPROFEN
ALEVE	BITRIN	DEFENCIN	FIOGESIC
ALKA SELTZER	BUFF A	DEWITTS PILLS	FIORINAL
ALLYLGESIC	BUFFADYNE	DIFEN	FORBUTOL
ALUPRIN	BUF	DIFENE	4 WAY W/ CODEINE
AMSODYNE	CAFACETIN	DICLOFENAC	GELCOID
ANACIN	CAMA INLAY	DICLOFLAX	GELCOID
ANAPROX	CARPON	DICLON	GEMINISTIN
ANEXSIA	CATAFLAM	DIPYRIDAMOLE	POWDER
ANODYNOS	-	DOVERS POWDER	HAYSMA
ANTI TEN	CHERACOL CHRISTODYNE	DOVSAL	НЕРТО
APAC	CILOSTAZOL	DOVSAL	HISTADYL W/ ASPIRIN
APA DEINE	CLINORIL	DRISTAMEAD	
APC	COASTALGESIC	DRISTAN	HYPAN I PAC
ARTHRITIS FORMULA	CADASA TAP	DURADYNE	ISOBAR
ARTHRITIS	CLOPIDOGREL	DURAGESIC	IBUPROFEN
BUFFERIN	COLDATE	DYPOSAL	
ARTHROTEC	COLREX	EASPRIN	INDOCIN
ASALCO	CONGESPRIN	ECOTRIN	INDOMETHACIN
ASCRIPTIN	CORICIDIN	EMAGRIN	ISOLLYL INTECRILLIN
ASCODEEN	COVANGESIC	EMPIRIN	INTEGRILLIN
			LANORINAL

		SALETO	
LODINE	PERCODAN	SALPHENINE	VAN TROL NOL
LOVAZA	PERSANTINE		VITAMIN E
MARVAL	PHENTERMINE	SALSPRIN	VOLTAREN
MEASURIN	PHENEGRAN	SINE AID	TABLETS
MEMENTUM	PHENOTRON	SINE OFF	VOLTAROL
MEPRO	PLAVIX	SINEX	ZOLTEROL
MEPROGESIC	(stop 5 days prior)	SOLTICE	
	PLETAL	SULINDAC	
MIDOL	PRESALIN	SUPAC	
MOBIGESIC	PABIRIN	SYNALGOS	
MODIFENAC	PROXYPHENE	TABLOID APC	
MONACET	PROPOXYPHENE	TALWIN	
MOTRIN NABUMETONE	PROTENSION	COMPUND	
		TEN SHUN	
NAPRELAN	QUIET WORLD	TICLID	
NAPROSYN	RELAFIN	TICLOPODINE	
NAPROXEN	REOPRO RHINATE	НСТ	
NORGESIC	RHINEX	TOLECTIN	
OPASAL	RHINOCAPS	TOLMETIN	
OS-CAL-GESIC		TRIAMINICIN	
PAC COMPOUND	RHUMALGAN		
PAN PAC	RIONA	TRIGESIC	
PASIBAR	ROBAXISAL	URSINUS	
PENNSAID	RU LOR N	VANQUISH	
PERCOBARB	SALATIN	VANTRIN	
TERCUDAKD		VAINTAIN	

NOTE: Acetaminophen (Tylenol) with or without codeine and Darvocet can be taken for pain and does not affect blood clotting.

CNS STIMULANTS

The following medications are CNS stimulants. The following medications must be discontinued for a minimum of <u>14 days prior to surgery</u>. Please notify Dr. Gossman if you are taking any of the following.

Amphetamine Sulfate

Benzphetamine Hydrochloride Didrex

Dexefenfluramine Hydrochloride Redux

Dextroamphetamine Sulfate Dexedrine Dexedrine Spansule Oxydess II Robese Spancap #1

Diethylpropion Hydrochloride M-Orexic Nobesine Nobesine-75 Propion Tenuate Tenuate Dospan Tepanil Tepanil Ten-Tab

Ephedrine (Ephedra)

Ma-Huang (Chinese Ephedrine) – An ingriedient in many OTC diet aides, amy cause deadly sympathomimetic effects, particularly in conjunction with heart glycosides, guanethedine or other prescription medications. Multiple deaths, primarily as a result of strokes AMD Myocardial Infarctions, have been attributed to these products.

3-Andro Xtreme	Metabolife 356	Dexatrim	Thermo Speed
Adipokinetix	Metab-O-Life	Diet Fuel	Trim Fast
Amphetra-Lean	Ripped Force	Dyma Burn X	treme Yellow Jacket
Animal Cuts	Ripped Fuel	Dymetadrine	Ultimate Energizer
Bethalean	Thermadrene	Energel	Ultimate Orange
Clenbutrx	Thermapro	Herba Life	Ultra Chromaslim
Diet Boost	Herbal Phen-Fen	Hyroxycut	Xenadrine RFA-1

Herbal Life Diet Supplement (Note Warning on Bottle) Cell Excellerator Thermogesic Gold

Thermicore Diet-2x GNC-Xenadrine Ehpedra Herb Thermo-Lift AM 300 Metabolite (Note Warning on Bottle) Original and Natural Formulas Fenfluramine Hydrochloride Ponderal Ponderal Pacaps Ponderax Ponderax Pacaps Pondimin Pondimin Extentabs Metamphetamine Hydrochloride Desoxyn Desoxyn Gradumet Phenendimetrazine Anorex Bontril Obalan Wehles Dyrexan Melfiat Pre Lu-2 Plegine Phentermine Hydrochloride Adipex Duromine Obe-Nix Obephen Phentercot Phentride Phentrol-2 Phentrol-4 Ionamin Mazindol Banobese Sibutramine

Fastin Obermar Oby-Trim Panshape M Phentride Phentrol Phentrol-5 T-Diet Obycap Zantryl

Meridia

Risks associated with herbal therapies:

* Hemodynamics/Drug Interactions*

<i>, , , , , , , , , ,</i>	
Ginseng	Hypertension, Tachycardia
Goldenseal	Hypertension, Edema
Kava-Kava	Potentiates Barbiturate/ Benzodiazepine
Locorice	Hypertension, Edema, Hypokalemia
St. John's Wort	Intensifies or Prolongs effects of anesthesia,
	Narcotics, possible MAO effects
Valerian	Potentiates Barbiturate effects
Yohimbe	Hypertension, Tachycardia, paralysis

Coagulation

Can prolong bleeding time
Decreases Platelet Aggregation
Inhibits Platelet Aggregation
Increases Fibrinolysis
Increases bleeding
Increases bleeding
Antiplatelet, Antithromobolytic
Increases bleeding
Increases Platelet Aggregation
Inhibits Platelet Aggregation
Increases bleeding

Considerations:

1. Abrupt discontinuation could be associated with withdrawal syndrome & change of clinical condition.

2. Many combination products exist that contain various amounts of herbal & non-herbal ingredients.